

Making The Move Easy On The Kids

Moving from one home to another is seldom easy and fun for adults, and it can be especially troubling for children. But if parents deal with their children's concerns and needs thoughtfully, much of that distress and discomfort can be avoided.

Children see moves differently than their parents do, and they benefit much less from the change in their comfortable routines – or so it seems at the time. Most often, a change in homes or communities heralds an important step forward for the adult members of the family. The family moves because Daddy or Mommy has a great new job, or a promotion in reward for years of hard work. They move because financial success has allowed them to purchase a home, or perhaps a bigger and nicer home. They move because they can finally afford private bedrooms for each child and perhaps a bigger back yard.

Alternatively, a change in homes may be the result of a desire or a need to “down-size”. Perhaps there has been a job loss, divorce or health situation that has required this move. The children are likely already feeling stress and uncertainty and a change in home, perhaps to one that is smaller with less personal space, can be an uncomfortable adjustment.

Nowadays, people typically live in a home for about five years and then move on as their careers or lives allow. That short time span is only a small percentage of the life-to-date for adults, but the same five years is half the lifetime of a 10-year-old, and it includes almost all the years he or she can remember. To a parent, this home may only be the place they have lived recently. They think of it as a stop along the road of life. To kids, however, it may be the only home they have ever really known. This is their home, the place they feel safe and comfortable.

A home is much more than a roof and walls to a child. It is the center of his or her world. A move threatens to take that sphere away and leave something totally strange in its place. The familiar friends, schools, shops and theaters, the streets, trees and parks – all will no longer exist for them. Everything will soon be strange, and they will live in someone else's world.

The impact of a move on a typical child starts about the time he or she first hears that a parent has decided to move, and often continues for about a year, until the new home becomes home, and memories of the previous place fade. It's not usually necessary to announce this big change to children immediately, although they must hear about it from you before someone else breaks the news. Most teenagers see themselves as adult members of the family, and will probably feel they have been left out if they don't hear everything from the first day.

But it is probably not a good idea to tell toddlers and preschoolers until they have to know. There is no point in making them worry far in advance. Be sure to announce the move in a totally positive way. You might say how proud you are that Daddy's company has chosen him out of many other employees to manage a new office in San Diego. Talk about what a beautiful city San Diego is, how good the schools are and how nice the people are.

Tell truthful but very positive stories about how nice the new home will be. Ask them what the favorite things are in their lives now, and then try to make them happen in the new home. If the new home is too far away to allow a visit by the entire family after it has been selected, show the children pictures of it from every angle. Videotape it, if you can. Emphasize the positive views and be sure to include pictures of each child's new room. Try to name the home with some romantic description, like “Oak Hill” for the big trees and the sloping lawn. Children will see the negative sides of most situations, and every parent must plan to deal with their child's worries, fears and sorrows. The children will lose friends they may have known all their lives. They will leave behind their sports

teams, their clubs and their dancing teachers. They will have to start over in a new place, making friends, becoming accepted, and fitting into different groups.

Younger children need protection from fear of the unknown. Listen carefully to their concerns. It would be normal, for instance, for a young child to worry that his or her toy box and shelf of stuffed animals might be left behind. Find those anxieties and correct them. Probably the best tactic is to get the children actively involved in the whole process. Don't just promise to let them decorate their own rooms, for example. Take them to the paint store and let them bring home color swatches. Shop for bed spreads and towels and carpets. They must leave old friends behind, so find ways to make that parting almost pleasant. Plan a going-away party and let them invite their own guests. Take pictures of everyone and make a photo album. If a child is old enough, send him or her out with a roll of film in the camera and the assignment to photograph the views they will want to remember.

Some relationships will be extremely difficult to break and these will demand careful, thoughtful, personalized planning by parents. How, for instance, do you move a 17-year-old 1,000 miles from her steady boyfriend? Expect that your children may be even more distressed after the move than they were before it. The new home will not be beautiful the night after the moving van leaves, or for months after. The furniture won't fit the rooms. The curtains won't be up, and the floor will be covered with half-unpacked cartons. The children won't know anyone at school and, if you move during the summer, they may have little opportunity to meet anyone their age. You may be faced with many more problems in your new community than they will, but remember that you can handle them more easily than they can. They will need your help, and you should plan to give them the support they need.

After the move, give each of them a long distance telephone call allowance so they can keep in touch with the people back home who matter the most to them. Buy a stack of picture postcards that show positive views of your new community, and encourage them to write good news messages to the friends and relatives they left behind. To make new friends, get them outside, where neighbors pass by. Have them pass out fliers to do babysitting or car washing. Encourage them to participate in as many school activities as they can handle. Get them on sports teams and into clubs. If they – and you – aren't making new friends fast enough, throw a home-warming party for yourselves and invite all the adults and children on the block.

If serious emotional or attitudinal problems arise, however, help is usually available and probably should be sought. Ask a teacher for help. Consider professional counseling. Don't let a serious problem slide. Remember that the newness will wear off. New friends will become old friends and best friends. This new home may become the family homestead your grandchildren will visit every holiday season. There will be discomforts, but in the long run, everything will work out fine.